ENGLISH LANGUAGE handbook

Tenses: their meanings and grammatic forms

Действие регулярное, или оно не привязано к	Действие как бы прервано в	К определённому моменту есть результат	Комбинация условий для
моменту речи	процессе его совершения	совершаемого действия	Perfect и Continuous

Active Voice Simple		Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
Past I did		I was doing	I had done	I had been doing
Present	I do	I am doing	I have done	I have been doing
Future I will do		I will be doing	I will have done	I will have been doing

Passive Voice	Simple	Continuous Perfect		
Past It was done		It was being done	It had been done	
Present	It is done	It is being done	It has been done	
Future	Future It will be done		It will have been done	

Future: different ways of expression

Спонтанное решение в момент речи	will do	OK, I'll go with you on the excursion today.
Просьба	(Future Simple)	Will you help me with the housework?
Обоснованные предположения	ho going to do	The week is going to be rainy.
Планы, не подтверждённые на практике	be going to do	I'm going to visit Sicilia these holidays.
Плани по птрорукайни ю на практико	be doing	I have already bought a ticket. I'm visiting Sicilia
Планы, подтверждённые на практике	(Present Continuous)	these holidays.
предыдущими приготовлениями	(Present Continuous)	We are opening our cafe next month.
Действие происходит по	do	Our train leaves the station at noon tomorrow.
фиксированному расписанию	(Present Simple)	Hurry up! The lecture begins in 3 minutes.
Doors area when as seen as hefere	Present Simple	Inform me as soon as you know the results.
После слов when, as soon as, before, after, till/until, while, once	Present Continuous	Take many photos while you are travelling.
arter, till/until, while, once	Present Perfect	Sleep a little <u>after</u> the mission has been completed.
Упомицацию булущого в прощолиюм	would do	He said he would show a trick.
Упоминание будущего в прошедшем	(Future in the Past)	She asked me if I would do it for her.

- Также для выражения будущего времени используются <u>Future Continuous</u>, <u>Future Perfect</u>, <u>Future Perfect Continuous</u>.
- В Conditional sentences будущее время выражается особым образом.

Conditional sentences

NIO		Form	Use	Evamples
Nº	If	Result	Use Examples	
0	Present Simple	Present Simple	Законы природы, общие истины, общеизвестные факты	 If it <u>rains</u>, we <u>wear</u> raincoats. If you <u>get</u> an excellent mark, you <u>are</u> a fine fellow. If this paper <u>is</u> clean, I <u>can</u> write on it.
ı	Present Simple	Future Simple	Возможные ситуации в настоящем и будущем	 If you give me a book, I will do the task. If he passes the exam, he will study in the MSU. If they don't come now, we will start without them.
II	Past Simple	would + Present Simple	«Голубая» мечта Невозможные совсем или на ближайшее время ситуации	 If I were a bird, I would fly. If I were you, I would do that exercise now. If I had all ingredients, I would cook a pie.
Ш	Past Perfect	would + Present Perfect	Упущенная возможность, или как могло бы измениться настоящее, если бы прошлое было другим	 If I had read the rule, I would have got a good score. If she had called him, he would has given her an advice. If I had had a breakfast, I wouldn't have been hungry.
	Ан	<u>алоги if</u> : when, in case, p	rovided, unless, suppose	e. <u>Аналоги would</u> : could, might, should.

Punctuation: comma and its absence

Besides , we are planning to continue that project				
Вводные слова и фразы	+	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Разделительный союз but Н	+			
Подчинительные союзы		· · ·		
that и because	_			
Запятая ставится/не ставится				
во избежание двусмысленности	±			
фразы				
Зависимый причастный оборот и				
деепричастный оборот	— The blue scarf looks better() than the red one. He said me() that it was nearly 5 pm. I cannot agree with your opinion() because it contradicts my beliefs. ■ Everyone knew what his name would be, because of the family tradition. (Согласно семейной традиции, все знали, каким именем его назовут.) ■ Everyone knew what his name would be() because of the family tradition. (Все знали, каким именем, согласно семейной традиции, его назовут.) ■ Painted many years ago, the portrait has not been bought yet. The portrait() painted many years ago() has not been bought yet. No one has yet bought the portrait() painted many years ago. ■ Reproducing the features, the painter was quite concentrated. The painter () while reproducing the features() was quite concentrated. The painter w			
деспричастный оборот		·		
	Не said me() that it was nearly 5 pm. I cannot agree with your opinion() because it contradicts my beliefs. ■ Everyone knew what his name would be, because of the family tradition (Согласно семейной традиции, все знали, каким именем его назову ве Everyone knew what his name would be() because of the family tradition (Все знали, каким именем, согласно семейной традиции, его назову ве Painted many years ago, the portrait has not been bought yet. The portrait() painted many years ago() has not been bought yet. No one has yet bought the portrait() painted many years ago. ■ Reproducing the features, the painter was quite concentrated. The painter() while reproducing the features() was quite concentrated. The painter was quite concentrated() reproducing the features. ■ The portrait being painted many years ago, no one wanted to buy it. ■ No one wanted to buy the portrait, it being painted many years ago. Her mood was excellent, she was very cheerful. It was hard to make a decision, that is why he asked me for advice. The scientific conference this year. We weren't ready for this test() and it was obvious. Is the dog at home() or is it outdoors? The man asked() how to get to the bus station. ■ If we had booked tickets, we would have spent these days in a comforta hotel. ■ We would have spent these days in a comfortable hotel() if we had bool tickets. ■ My friend, who was 17 that time, left Moscow. — Описательное прида содержит дополнительную информацию.			
		, , , , , ,		
Независимый причастный оборот 🛭 🖯	+			
		•		
Между частями сложного		·		
предложения (бессоюзного, сложносочинённого и		,		
		The portrait being painted many years ago, no one wanted to buy it. No one wanted to buy the portrait, it being painted many years ago. Her mood was excellent, she was very cheerful. t was hard to make a decision, that is why he asked me for advice. The scientist made the discovery long ago, and it was presented by him at the scientific conference this year. We weren't ready for this test() and it was obvious. s the dog at home() or is it outdoors? The man asked() how to get to the bus station.		
сложноподчинённого)				
		The man asked() now to get to the bus station.		
Факультативно перед союзом				
	±	We have to buy some water, milk, porridge _(,) and oat flakes.		
трёх однородных членов				
Предложения с				
обстоятельственными		■ If we had booked tickets, we would have spent these days in a comfortable		
придаточными, стоящими в				
	±	■ We would have spent these days in a comfortable hotel if we had booked		
в т. ч. условные предложения		•		
типа (условие + результат) и				
(результат + условие)				
		•		
Приложение или				
придаточное предложение,	+	My friend() who was 17 that time() now is 3 years older. – Определительное		
которое можно/нельзя убрать	_			
без потери смысла		·		
		The Britain river() Thames () is 346 kilometers long.		
Два прилагательных, между		■ It was a rainy, sad evening		
	<u>+</u>	• •		
вставить and		one noticed an expensive() wide namendag.		

Articles: zero, indefinite, definite

	Исчисляемое существительное во множественном числе,	We were very interested in books .
	если объект не конкретен	I play chess regularly.
Zero article	Неисчисляемое существительное,	Money is a universal good used in the market transactions.
	если объект не конкретен	She has bought new furniture in her
		apartment.
Indefinite article	Исчисляемое существительное в единственном числе,	A long journey is very helpful for your
a/an ⁽¹⁾	если объект не конкретен,	health.
a/ all	или объект конкретен, но упоминается в речи впервые	I would like to taste an apple pie .
		The tablecloth is so colorful!
	Исчисляемое существительное в единственном числе,	Look! The moon is in the sky . ⁽²⁾
	если объект конкретен	I would like to taste an apple pie. The pie
Definite article		has to be cooked well. ⁽³⁾
the	Исчисляемое существительное во множественном числе,	The match was exiting and the players
	если объект конкретен	did their best on the field.
	Неисчисляемое существительное,	The news we have got recently are really
(0)	если объект конкретен	incredible.

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Артикль **а** ставится, если следующее за ним словом начинается с согласного <u>звука</u>, **ап** ставится, если с гласного:

- It was a <u>very</u> interesting **trip**!

 Solar eclipse is a <u>unique</u> natural **phenomenon**.
- An <u>interesting</u> movie is what you need now. He will be there in an <u>hour</u>.

Articles: special cases of use

Zero article	Indefinite article	Definite article	
in 2017, in November, in spring,		in the 1990s, in the afternoon,	
at night, on Thursday, on holiday	_	on the excursion	
go to work, have work to do,	have a job work as a technician	a technician go to the bank, go to the doctor	
become manager, to do homework	have a job, work <i>as</i> a technician		
watch TV, play volleyball	have a break	go to the cinema, play the piano	
so butram an fact on horse of home	take a taxi, catch a car, ride a train,	go on /off the bus got in /out of the cor	
go by tram, on foot, on horse, at home	fly on a plane	go on/off the bus, get in/out of the car	

Articles: geography and sights

Zero article	Definite article	
	the West, the Far East, the South Pole, the Baltic Sea, the Strait of Magellan, the Bosporus,	
Niagara Falls	the Suez Canal, the Sahara, the Arctic Ocean, the River Mississippi, the Earth, the Arctic,	
	the Bahamas, the British Isles	
Hudson Bay	the Gulf of Mexico, the Gulf of Finland	
Lake Como	the Como	
Kamchatka	the Kola Peninsula	
Mount Elbrus, Kilimanjaro	the Himalayas, the Caucasus	
Europe, Greenland, Great Britain, Russia,	the USA, the UK, the Russian Federation, the USSR, the German Federal Republic,	
Portugal, Texas, Oxford, Wall Street, Red	the United Arab Emirates, the Netherlands, the Philippines, the Ukraine, the Argentine,	
Square, Central Park	the Congo, the Crimea, The Hague, the Arbat, the Garden Ring, the Gorki Park	
Westminster Bridge, Paddington station,	the Great Wall of China, the Kremlin, the Bolshoi Theatre, the National Gallery,	
Massachusetts University, Moscow Zoo,	the Hermitage, the Pushkin Monument, the Savoy, the Titanic, the Beatles,	
Parliament	the United Nations Organization	
National Geographic, Vedomosti	the Times	

⁽²⁾Единственные в своём роде объекты считаются конкретными: the sun, the Universe, the world, the globe, the equator, the horizon, the Olympic Games, the pope.

⁽³⁾Объект, упоминаемый в речи не в первый раз, считается конкретным.

Quantifiers

3начение	Исч.	Неисч.	Примеры	
несколько (с исчисл.),	_	_	I need to buy some milk.	
немного (с неисчисл.)	т	т	He got some good marks yesterday.	
แอคือนี้ หวหอนี้ แน่คึ่งแม่	_	_	Can you offer any solution?	
люоои, какои-ниоудь	т	т	We will buy any suitable equipment.	
			There are a lot of talented people.	
много, куча	+	+	Lots of water is needed for the soup.	
			There is plenty of time .	
много	+		He bought many bottles of milk.	
много		+	What for has you bought so much milk?	
= some (несколько)	+		We pondered the proposal for several days.	
= some (несколько)	+		A few people had already entered the room when he came.	
= not many	+		Unfortunately, we have reached few goals this month.	
- not many			Only a few participants will remain in the project.	
- not many	т		Only a few of you will continue to participate in the project.	
= some (немного)	+ You need to get a little knowledge.		You need to get a little knowledge.	
little = not much		+	Doing this work you can get little money.	
= not much		+	Oh, only a little information we have	
	несколько (с исчисл.), немного (с неисчисл.) любой, какой-нибудь много, куча много много = some (несколько) = some (несколько) = not many = not many = some (немного) = not much	несколько (с исчисл.), немного (с неисчисл.) любой, какой-нибудь + много, куча + много + много = some (несколько) + = some (несколько) + = not many + = not many + = some (немного) = not much	несколько (с исчисл.),	

^{*}В предложении с любой из этих конструкций сказуемое должно иметь то же число, что и существительное, стоящее после предлога of.

Singular – plural

		<u>-</u>
		news is, physics is, maths is
ole lble	Только единственное число (singular)	coffee is, knowledge is, luggage is, advice is
emt Ibh ble		equipment is, furniture is, information is
ля(птел		money is (<i>moneys</i> are – денежные суммы), hair is (<i>hairs</i> are – волоски)
18T У 100		work is (works are – заводы), glass is (glasses are – очки)
Неисчисляемые существительные (uncountable)		paper is (<i>papers</i> are – листы)
He Cyll	Только множественное число	clothes are (cloth is – ткань, кусок материи)
	(plural)	species are
	Crops poorlo p pastu iv susuouurev	people are – люди (множественное от person – человек, личность)
	Слова people в разных значениях	people is – народ (<i>peoples</i> are – народы)
(e)		basis – bases
able	Заимствования из латыни	crisis – crises
ıntı		analysis – analyses
100		formula – formulae (formulas)
e (phenomenon – phenomena
र्		datum – data
ель		index – indices
Z Z		focus – foci (focuses)
CTE		stimulus – stimuli
) j	06	holiday is – holidays are
(5)		tomato – tomatoes
VPI6	Образование по общему правилу	thief – thieves
яел		ship – ships, cliff – cliffs
Исчисляемые существительные (countable)		sheep – sheep, deer – deer, swine – swine
160		goose – geese, ox – oxen
Z	Некоторые исключения	piano – pianos, photo – photos
		roof – roofs, proof – proofs, gulf – gulfs, chief – chiefs, belief – beliefs,
		handkerchief – handkerchiefs

Pronouns

I (me)	my	mine		me	myself
he	his	his		him	himself
she	her	hers		her	herself
it	its	its		it	itself
you	your	yours		you	yourself/yourselves
we	our	ours		us	ourselves
they	their	theirs		them	themselves
	this				
that			those		

Linking words and phrases

	rus and pinases	
In the first place,	В первую очередь	
By the way,	Кстати,	
In conclusion,	В заключение,	
Besides, Furthermore,	Кроме того,	
Except [smth]	За исключением	
Moreover,	Более того,	
Anyway,	Как бы то ни было,	
On the one hand,	С одной стороны,	
On the other hand,	С другой стороны,	
On the contrary,	Напротив,	
As a result of	Как результат	
Fortunately,	К счастью,	
Unfortunately,	К сожаленью,	
Indeed,	Действительно,	
Actually,	На самом деле,	
However,	Однако	
Although [Even] though	Хотя	
Therefore,	Следовательно,	
Frankly speaking,	Откровенно говоря,	
To tell the truth,	По правде сказать,	
To be honest,	Если честно,	
Nevertheless,	Тем не менее	
Concerning	Относительно	
In connection with	В связи с	
Despite [smth]	Несмотря на	
In spite of [smth]	Несмотря на	
It is important to note that		
It goes without saying that		
It does not matter that		
It is obvious that		
I have to admit that		
I would rather [do smth]		
I suppose [smbd to do smth]		
I believe		
I guess		

A-words

aloud	Громко
aware	осознающий, осведомлённый, отзывчивый
adverse	враждебный, неблагоприятный
among	среди, между, через
along	вдоль, в том же направлении, дальше
above	выше, наверху, наверх, вышесказанное (the above)
alone	одиноко, в одиночестве, наедине
annoy	надоедать, докучать
amuse	забавлять, развлекать
avoid	избегать, сторониться, уклоняться
allow	разрешать, позволять
astonish	удивлять
admire	восхищаться
assess	облагать налогом, давать оценку
append	добавлять, прибавлять
attach	присоединять
appreciate	ценить, оценивать по достоинству, быть благодарным
appoint	назначать, договариваться, условливаться, создавать
apply	просить, подавать заявление, прикладывать, прилагать
approve	одобрять, утверждать
accommodate	приспосабливать
admit	признавать, допускать
accept	принимать, брать предложенное, соглашаться, допускать
access	иметь доступ, доступ
adopt	перенимать, усыновлять, заимствовать
adapt	приспосабливать, адаптировать, облегчать
absorb	всасывать, впитывать, абсорбировать, поглощать
award	награждать, награда
attract	привлекать, притягивать
attend	посещать, присутствовать, уделять внимание
approach	приближаться, приближение
announce	объявлять, извещать
accelerate	ускорять
afford	иметь возможность (в том числе финансовую), быть в состоянии, предоставлять
attempt	попробовать, попытаться, попытка
anticipate	предвидеть, предчувствовать, предугадывать, предвкушать
assist	помогать, содействовать
appeal	просить, умолять, привлекать, обжаловать, апеллировать
addict	увлекаться, предаваться, наркоман
accent	акцентировать, подчёркивать
assemble	собирать, вызывать, созывать

Word class depends on the accent

Word	NOUN: '(1st syllable)(2nd syllable)	VERB: (1st syllable)'(2nd syllable)
accent	ударение, акцент	акцентировать, подчёркивать
insult	обида	обижать
object	предмет, объект, цель	возражать
progress	прогресс	прогрессировать, развиваться
record	запись, протокол	записывать
suspect	подозреваемый	подозревать
conflict	конфликт	бороться, противоречить, конфликтовать
dispute	спор, диспут	спорить, обсуждать, дискуссировать
export	экспорт	экспортировать
import	импорт	импортировать
extract	экстракт	извлекать, добывать
transport	транспорт	транспортировать, перевозить
protest	протест	протестовать
permit	разрешение, пропуск, путёвка	разрешать, допускать, позволять
addict	наркоман	увлекаться, предаваться

Additional information: prepositions and orthography

at the seaside	on the excur s ion		
at the end	on holiday		
at the conference	on the foreground/background		
in time – вовремя	on time – по расписанию		
arrive in Moscow/Russia	arrive at the station/office/place		
to be afraid of smth/smbd			
qui et – 1) тихий; 2) тишина	qui te – 1) вполне, совсем; 2) почти, довольно		
employ ee – работник	employ er – работодатель		
address ee – адресат (получатель)	address er – адресант (отправитель)		
examin ee – экзаменуемый	examin er – экзаменатор		
advi c e – совет	advi s e – советовать		
decision, travel, difficult, entertainment, environment, husband, favo(u)rite, freeze, centre, adult, program(me), valuable			
lie – lied – lied (лгать)			
lay — laid — laid (класть)			
lie – lay – lain (лежать)			
lead – led – led (вести)			
let – let – let (позволять)			
leave — left — left (покидать, оставлять)			
live – lived – lived (жить)			
lend – lent – lent (давать взаймы)			
land – landed – landed (высаживаться, приставать к берегу, приземляться)			